## 2021 CERTIFICATION MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR), 1122 1111 - 7 1111 2: 15

MS0490032	Stewart Water association PRINT Public Water System Name	
	PRINT Public Water System Name	
MS0490022		
/ *	MS0490009	

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

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CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply)	F
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)	
On water bill (Attach copy of bill)	Dila (2022
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)	Jan Joseph
□ Other (Describe:	
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U.S. Postal Service	
□ Distributed via E-mail as a URL  (Provide direct URL):	
□ Distributed via Email as an attachment	
□ Distributed via Email as text within the body of email message	
Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	-
Posted in public places (attach list of locations or list here)	
<u> </u>	
Posted online at the following address 4-D Grocery Hwy 82 Stewart MS	
CERTIFICATION 39767	k—
I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been prepared and distributed to its custom the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population served. Furthermore, I certify that the information is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for sampling performed and fulfills all CCR reg of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.	contained in the report uirements of the Code
Name President Title	<u> </u>
SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)	
Vou must amail or mail a copy of the CCD Contification, and associated associated	11 17 ) 1

You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of delivery method(s) to the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215 Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

## 2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Stewart Water Association PWS#: 0490009 & 0490022

May 2022



We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We water you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Stewart Water Association have received lower to higher susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Larry Wood at 662.312.8226. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meetings scheduled for the second Tuesday of each month at 6:00 PM at the Stewart Fire Dept.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

PWS ID #	049000	9		TEST RESULT	<b>S</b>			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactiv	e Conta	minants						
5. Gross Alpha	N	2019*	1.8	No Range	pCi/L	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
6. Radium 226 Radium 228	N	2019*	.40 .58	No Range	pCi/L	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
8. Arsenic	N	2020*	y=7	No Range	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runof from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2020*	.0094	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2020*	2.8	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	<u>-</u> 1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural

											deposits; leaching from wood preservatives		
16. Fluoride	N	2020*	.255	No Range		ppm		4		4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories		
17. Lead	N	2018/20	)* 1	0		ppb		0	AL=	15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits		
Sodium	N	2019*	15000	No Range		ppb		0		0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.		
Disinfection	on By	-Produ	cts										
81. HAA5	N	2016*	6	No Range	ppb		0	60 By-Product of drinking water disinfection.		Ü			
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2016*	10.59	No Range	ppb		0						-product of drinking water orination.
Chlorine	N	2021	1.2	0 – 1.4	ppm		0			MDRL = 4 Water additive used to co			

PWS ID # (										
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	or Unit Measur -ment	e MC	LG	MCL	Likely Source of Contarr	nination
Radioactiv	e Conta	minant	8							
6. Radium 226 Radium 228	N	2019*	.3 1.2	No Range	pCi/L		0		5 Erosion of natural depos	sits
Inorganic	Contar	ninants								
8. Arsenic	N	2019*	.5	No Range	ppb		n/a		10 Erosion of natural depos from orchards; runoff fro and electronics producti	m glass
10. Barium	N	2019*	.0094	No Range	ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries erosion of natural deposits	
13. Chromium	N	2019*	4.2	No Range	ppb		100	10	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
14. Copper	N	2019/21	.3	0	ppm		1.3 AL=1.3		<ul> <li>Corrosion of household plumbin systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives</li> </ul>	
16. Fluoride	N	2019*	.244	No Range	ppm		4		4 Erosion of natural depos additive which promotes teeth; discharge from fer aluminum factories	strong
17. Lead	N	2019/21	3	0	ppb	ppb 0		AL=	systems, erosion of natu	iral
Sodium	N	2019*	150000	No Range	ppb		0		O Road Salt, Water Treath Chemicals, Water Softer Sewage Effluents.	
Disinfection	on By-F	roduct	S		,					
81. HAA5				No Range	ob 0		60		By-Product of drinking water disinfection.	
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2016*	'6.5	No Range	pb	0 80		80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N	2021	.3	1 – 1.4	pm	0	MDF	RL = 4	Water additive used to contr microbes	ol

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021.

We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Stewart Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.



## Stewart Water Association P. O. Box 29 Stewart, MS 39767

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